COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS AND ELECTION PRACTICES PENALTY MATRIX FOR LATE BALLOT QUESTION COMMITTEE REPORT FILINGS

BASIS FOR PENALTIES 21-A M.R.S.A. Section 1062-A

Committee Name: Report Title:
Due Date:
Previous Violation(s): Filed Date:

The penalty for late filing of a required report is a percentage of the total contributions or expenditures for the filing period, whichever is greater, multiplied by the number of calendar days the report is filed late, as follows:

For the first violation, 1%

For the second violation, 3%

For the third and each subsequent violation, 5%

A penalty begins to accrue at 11:59 p.m. on the day the report is due.

Penalty Example: The treasurer files the BQC's report two (2) days late. The BQC has not had any previous late violations this biennium. The BQC reports a total of \$2,500 in contributions and \$1,500 in expenditures for the filing period. The penalty is		Your Penalty is calculated as follows:	
\$2,500	received or expenditures made during the	Contributions / Expenditures: x Percent Prescribed:	1%
X .01	Percent prescribed for first violation	\$	0.00
\$25.00	One percent of total contributions	Number of days late:	3
X 2	Number of calendar days late	Total penalty accrued:	: :00.00
\$50.00	Total Penalty		

Any penalty of less than \$10 is waived.

Violations accumulate on reports with filing deadlines in a 2-year period that begins on January 1st of each evennumbered year. Waiver of a penalty does not nullify the finding of a violation.

A required report that is sent by certified or registered United States mail and postmarked at least 2 days before the deadline is not subject to penalty.

MAXIMUM PENALTIES 21-A M.R.S.A. Section 1062-A(3)

\$10,000 for Pre- and Post-Election Reports, Quarterly Reports and 24-Hour Reports, except that if the financial activity reported late exceeds \$50,000, the maximum penalty is one-fifth of the amount reported late.